

CORNER OF MAIN AND SIXTH STREET
LOUISVILLE, KY.
January 1, 1888.

patronage. His Table, as usual, shall be furnished with
choicest delicacies of the market.

Frankfort, January 1, 1848

471, MAIN-STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Carpeting
Rugs and Oil Cloths.
May 1, 1848.

160 barrels Molasses,
150 " Mackerel.
All kinds of Country Produce taken in Exchange.
Louisville, January 1, 1848.

75 KEYS Nails, assorted, just received and for sale by
[Jan. 1, 1848] TODD & CRITTENDEN.

Timothy Seed.

5 BARRELS Timothy Seed, just received and for sale by
[Jan. 1, 1848] TODD & CRITTENDEN.

1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 21, 1848.

The Senate was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Norton, of the Episcopal Church.
Journal read by the Clerk.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. Hardin, Rice, (with remonstrance,) Hobbs, Crenshaw and Walker.
The rules being suspended, leave was granted to introduce the following bills:

To Mr. HEADY, a bill for the benefit of Theodore S. Burnett, of Spencer county; referred.

To Mr. YOUNG, a bill for the benefit of Jacob Ellington, of Morgan county; referred.

To Mr. WILLIAMS, a bill to amend an act incorporating the Paris Cemetery Company; referred.

To Mr. WHITE, a bill for the benefit of Hiram Biglett, late Sheriff of Perry county; referred.

To Mr. THURMAN, a bill to amend an act for the benefit of Ann L. Clement; referred.

To Mr. WALL, a bill to allow an additional term to the Harrison Circuit Court; referred.

A message from the House, announcing concurrence in Senate bills, &c.

Reports from Standing Committees.

Mr. SPEED SMITH, from the Committee on Internal Improvement, a bill to extend Canal street in the town of Harrodsburg; read and passed.

Also, a bill to amend the charter of the Louisville and Elizabethtown, and the Lexington and Covington Turnpike Companies; ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.

Mr. EVANS, from the Committee on Education, a bill to incorporate the Trustees of Liberty School House, in Trimble county; read and passed.

Mr. HEADY, from the Committee on Military Affairs, a bill for the benefit of Maj. Gen. Robert Martin; read and passed.

Mr. HARDIN, from the Judiciary Committee, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the leave to bring in a bill providing for the taking of depositions of Physicians; agreed to.

Also, a bill to amend the several acts to suppress duelling; ordered to its third reading.

Mr. RICE, from the same committee, a bill to prevent the sale of spirituous liquors on the Sabbath day, and for other purposes; ordered to be read a third time and to be printed.

Mr. WALKER, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, a bill allowing Reese Bourland, of Ballard county, to import a slave; read and passed.

Also, a bill for the benefit of John Munfort, of Henry county; read and passed.

Also, a bill allowing Moses Kirkpatrick, of Monroe county, to import a negro man; read and passed.

Also, a bill allowing William Andrews, of Monroe county, to import a slave; read and passed.

Also, a bill allowing an additional Constable to Large county; read and passed.

Also, a bill to change the names of certain persons, and for other purposes; read and passed.

Also, a bill allowing Pleasant H. Williams to import certain slaves; read and passed.

Also, a bill allowing Thomas Green to import a slave; read and passed.

Also, asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the petition of Louisa B. Newman, and that the same be referred to the Judiciary committee; agreed to.

Also, a bill to change the name of Benj. Franklin Garnett, to that of Benj. Franklin Violt.

Mr. SWOPE moved to amend by adding a section changing the name of Wm. Bush, to that of Wm. P. A. Roundtree; amendment adopted, and bill passed.

Also, a bill allowing Wm. Fortson to import a slave; read and passed.

Mr. BOYD, from the committee on religion, a bill granting a divorce to Major Westerspoon, and his wife Elizabeth; read and passed.

Also, a bill divorcing Elizabeth Huffaker, from her husband; read and passed.

Also, a bill divorcing Wm. Wilkinson, of Warren county, from his wife; read and passed.

Mr. THOMAS, from the same committee, a bill granting a divorce to Sarah Lane;

Mr. RICE moved to amend by adding a section granting a divorce to Elizabeth Short; adopted.

Mr. PATTERSON moved to amend by adding a section granting a divorce to Mary F. Campbell; adopted; and the bill thus amended, was read and passed.

Reports of Select Committees.

Mr. HOBBS, a bill to incorporate the Book Concern of the Methodist Episcopal Church South; read and passed.

Also, a bill to incorporate the Cave Hill Cemetery Company; read and passed.

Mr. WILLIAMS, a bill to amend an act incorporating the Paris Cemetery Company; read and passed.

Mr. GREY, a bill to establish the Cumberland River, Fairview and Green River Road; read and passed.

Mr. RUSSELL offered the following and preamble and resolution, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, it is represented that Capt. FRANK CHAMBERS, late of the 2d Regiment, Kentucky Infantry, departed this life in this city on Thursday the 20th inst., of a painful and lingering disease, contracted from exposure and hardships in the service of his country in Mexico, in the campaign under Gen. Zachary Taylor, which terminated with the glorious victory of Buena Vista, where Capt. CHAMBERS, although suffering from disease, refused to be absent from the field of battle, but gallantly led on his comrades, until fainting from debility and disease, he was carried from the field in a state of insensibility; Therefore, in order to testify the proper respect for his memory, and admiration of his chivalry as a soldier, and character as a man,

Resolved, That the Senate will adjourn, in order to attend his funeral, which takes place at half past two o'clock on this day.

That the Senators of Kentucky deeply sympathize with the bereaved and widowed mother, and the affectionate brothers and sisters of Capt. Chambers.

In offering the resolutions, Mr. RUSSELL, the Senator from Franklin, remarked, that he hoped they would meet the unanimous concurrence of the Senate. The deceased is a son of one of the pioneers of Kentucky, the descendant of a noble old soldier and an honest man. He was young, brave and patriotic. When, in 1846, the young men of Kentucky were called upon to enter the field in the service of the country, Capt. FRANK CHAMBERS was one of the first to step forward in response to the call. He was elected to the command of the Infantry company from this place, which was attached to the Regiment of the lamented Col. W. R. McKee. CHAMBERS' command was honored with the custody of the Colors, and right bravely they bore them through the battle, on the field of Buena Vista. Torn and perforated by an hundred bullets, they brought them back with them to their native land.

Capt. FRANK CHAMBERS was taken sick very soon after he reached Mexico; but his brave young heart could not be subdued. Disease, painful and lingering, prostrated this feeble frame; but his manly heart defied it. On the memorable 23d of February, at Buena Vista, he placed himself at the head of his company, and resting upon the arms of his comrades, was borne into the thickest of the fight; but before the day had passed, he was borne from the field helpless and exhausted. He returned to his home to receive the plaudits of those who love the brave and gallant soldier. The disease contracted in Mexico could not be eradicated. Slowly, but severely and gradually he sunk to sleep. He is gone! the grave never received a nobler victim!

I trust the resolutions will be adopted, and that the Senate, in honor of his memory, will now adjourn.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, Jan. 21, 1848.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Robinson, of the Presbyterian Church.

Journal read by the Clerk.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. Hardy, Johnston, Cavan, Hanson, Boyd and Speed, which were appropriately referred.

Mr. McKINNEY of the committee on Enrollments made a report.

Mr. TOWLES offered the following, which were read and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The House of Representatives has been informed that Capt. Frank Chambers, late of the 2d Regiment of Kentucky Infantry, departed this life in this city on Thursday, the 20th inst., of a painful and lingering disease, brought on by the exposure encountered in the campaign under Gen. Z. Taylor, which terminated with the glorious victory of Buena Vista, in which Capt. Chambers, although suffering with disease, refused to keep his tent, but led his command until overcome by disease and debility, he fainted and was carried from the field.

Therefore, in order to testify the proper respect for his memory, and admiration for his character and services,

Resolved, That this House will adjourn to attend his funeral to-day at one o'clock, P. M.

Resolved, That the Representatives of the people of Kentucky, deeply sympathize with the widowed mother and afflicted relatives of Capt. Chambers.

A message from the Senate was received, announcing the passage of certain bills, &c.

The SPEAKER by the consent of Mr. Hanson, again placed his name upon the Judiciary committee.

The bill reported yesterday by Mr. HARRIS, of the committee of Ways and Means, to relinquish the State's title to certain lands for school purposes, which was under consideration when 12 o'clock arrived, came up in order at this time.

Mr. HARDY was not in favor of the bill, he saw no good grounds for it, and he should vote against it.

Mr. BAILEY stated the facts of the whole matter, and that it was the unanimous opinion of the committee that the bill should pass; and the bill then passed.

Mr. A. YOUNG—Religion—a bill for the benefit of Franklin Darnold; read and passed.

Also, against the petition of Rebecca Shields.

Mr. BARLOW moved to reverse the report of the committee, and that they be instructed to bring in a bill *non*; carried.

The committee then reported a bill for the benefit of Rebecca Shields; read and passed.

Also, against the petition of Jesse F. Jerrold.

Mr. BARLOW moved to reverse the report of the committee, and he made a statement of the facts in the case; the motion was carried.

The committee then, on motion of Mr. BARLOW, were instructed to report a bill for the divorce of Jesse F. Jerrold, which being done, the bill was passed.

Also, against the petition of Susan F. Norvell.

Mr. GAINES made a statement of the facts in the case, and moved to reverse the report of the committee; carried, and the committee were instructed to bring in a bill.

Also, against the petition of Thomas Morris.

Mr. BOWEN said that the committee had not heard the testimony in the case; that he could assure the House that it was a meritorious one, and he moved to reverse the report of the committee, and instruct them to hear the testimony.

Mr. A. YOUNG said that the notice given to the wife by the petitioner showed that he had a ground of divorce in the courts, and the committee felt bound under the resolution to refuse to hear further testimony in the case.

Mr. BOWEN made a statement of the facts in the case, and insisted that it was a meritorious case.

Mr. A. YOUNG said there was a petition by the wife for a divorce also.

The motion to reverse and commit was then carried.

Mr. JOHNSTON moved to dispense with the rules to allow him to introduce a resolution; lost.

Mr. A. YOUNG, against the petition of Elizabeth Morris.

Mr. WINTERSMITH moved to re-commit the report and instruct them to report again; carried.

Also, against the petition of Hinman Henderson; concurred in.

Also, a bill to divorce Susan F. Norvell, and to restore to her, her maiden name; read and passed.

A message from the Senate, announcing the passage of a bill to incorporate the Book Concern of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

The bill, on motion of Mr. HARDY, was taken up, read and referred.

Mr. T. D. BROWN—Ways and Means—a bill to increase the compensation of Grand Jurors to one dollar a day; with an opinion that it ought not to pass; read.

Mr. HAGGARD said he was in favor of the bill—it increases the pay of Grand Jurors to the same amount that was now received by Petit Jurors, that their duties were more responsible, and that it was no more than just and right that the bill should pass.

Mr. CULTON said he had introduced this bill, and he thought that justice to those persons who were compelled to act as Grand Jurors, demanded its passage. They were called upon to indict those who were selling liquor, and others, and frequently placed in such a situation as to incur the displeasure of many. That for these duties, which were certainly responsible, they received only half the pay which was received by Petit Jurors. He thought it wrong and unjust, and he hoped the bill would pass.

Mr. HARDY moved to re-commit to the committee, with the following instructions:

To inquire into the expediency of amending the jury laws and jury fund, so as to guard against impositions upon the Treasury, and to report what saving may be made upon the jury fund, and what additional cost will attend this bill, and also to amend the bill so as to limit the number of Grand Jurors.

Upon that question the bill itself was extensively and fully discussed by Messrs. Moore, Hughes, Haggard and Hardy, in favor, and Messrs. T. D. Brown, Forde, Bullock and Bush, against; when

Mr. BUSH moved to lay the bill and the instructions upon the table; the yeas and nays being called, it was lost; 76 to 18.

The bill was then further discussed by Mr. Newell, in favor, and Mr. Christopher, against; when the question being to re-commit with the instructions offered by Mr. Hardy, it was lost.

Mr. J. BROWN offered an amendment to the bill, by way of engrossed *ryder*, that when the Grand Jury continued in session longer than two days, their compensation should be reduced to fifty cents per day for the additional time.

Mr. WINTERSMITH was in favor of the bill, if the amendment should be adopted, but opposed to it without the amendment.

Mr. CHILTON moved to amend the *ryder* by striking out *two*, and inserting *three*; lost.

Mr. WRIGHT moved to amend the *ryder* by striking out *two*, and inserting *four*.

A division of the question being called, it was first taken on striking out; and the House refused.

Mr. HAGGARD called the previous question, which was seconded by the House.

The question being first on the adoption of the amendment offered by Mr. J. BROWN, it was adopted.

The question now being on the final passage of the bill, the yeas and nays being called, it was passed, 77 to 17.

Orders of the Day

Having arrived, on motion of Mr. COLLINS, they were dispensed with to enable committees to make their reports.

Mr. T. D. BROWN—Ways and Means—a bill to amend the charter of the city of Maysville; read by its title, when

Mr. COLLINS stated that the object of the bill was single; it was to allow the people, in accordance with the petition of a majority of the citizens, to vote whether they would license tipping houses, commonly called coffee houses, to sell liquor.

Mr. — moved to amend so as to allow them to vote whether they would license any houses; lost.

The further readings of the bill were dispensed with, and then the bill passed.

Mr. T. D. BROWN, also, a bill to increase the revenue, taxing pill pedlers, &c., without amendment, with an opinion that it ought not to pass; read, when

Mr. HOLMES said, he had introduced the bill, believing that it would increase the revenue of this Commonwealth considerably. He was not prepared to advocate the bill, but he thought there could be but one objection to it, and that was in relation to its constitutionality; he did not think it unconstitutional, and he hoped the bill would pass, and he had no doubt but that it would be a fruitful source of revenue.

Mr. TOWLES offered an amendment to compel pedlers of pills, &c., to take out license the same as other pedlers and at the rates, &c.

Mr. HUGHES thought it an important bill, and he moved to refer it to a select committee; lost.

The amendment was then adopted, and the bill passed.

And then the House adjourned.

REMARKS OF MR. COMBS OF Fayette, on the bill to exempt certain articles from specific taxation:

Mr. COMBS said, Mr. CHAIRMAN: when the main question was reduced by the amendment of the gentleman from Hardin (Mr. Brown), to the simple one of exempting spectacles, it was hardly worthy of discussion, and if that was the only matter now presented for our consideration I should say nothing. But in the discussion of this question of specific taxation, we must go to the bottom in order to see all its bearings upon society.

Although the gentleman from Henderson, (Mr. Towles), has referred us to the constitution as virtually prohibiting this kind of taxation, yet I do not see any thing in the argument. Taxation has been the subject of much discussion with political economists, and a proper system must have been established in order to build up that superstructure which we now see erected upon it. Taxation, direct or indirect—in one form or another, has been found necessary ever since civilization began. It is equally necessary in the Royal Government with its serfs and peasantry, and in a community where the people themselves are governors.

If the constitutional argument amounts to any thing it is by strict construction, and if we should apply the same construction to that part which says "Courts of Justice shall be always open," it would make it constitutionally necessary for them to be open at all times, in summer and winter, at sunrise, at sunset, at midnight and at noonday, but such is not the case, it must be construed liberally.

But for this civilization we would have no taxes to pay, as taxes only serve to oil the wheels of civil government. Adam had no civil officers to pay, nor have the wild savages. To earn our bread by the sweat of our face, is not a curse but a blessing, for labor is the source of health, wealth and happiness, and none are so utterly miserable as those who have nothing to do.

The powers of the General Government of the United States, enables it to be supported mainly from its duties on imports; but the State are not allowed to do that, for the labor and manufactures of one State are freely transported for sale in any other. We must go on too, with our State Government and grease the wheels by which it is rolled on from year to year, by our taxation. We must have laws to govern us and officers to execute them, and they must have food and raiment for themselves and their families, and to defray these expenses is the legitimate object of the revenue laws of a State. To make the tax as easy, fair and equal as possible should be the prime object of all legislation.

The gentleman from Henderson, (Mr. Towles), yesterday enlightened this body by reading from a work of the Rev. Sidney Smith, a gambler in public stocks, a pedlar of church benefices, and a licensed calumniator of America; what he says is read here to support the argument against specific taxation. Yes, this calumniator of America and American Statesmen, is cited here to support his position. But it fails to do so.

England is taxed to death, but not for the purpose of carrying on free Government, but for prosecuting unjust wars for territorial acquisition, in order that she may boast of her morning gun being hourly fired the world around.

Look to India and the far off Islands of the sea, and you will find there the cause of her taxation; she has tried to cope with the whole world, and has made a common carnal house, and those are the reasons of her onerous specific taxes.

Sidney Smith, that calumniator of America and America's sons, has said that we have not produced a single great man; but I could mention a few names that stand in bold relief on history's page, that are not outstripped by England's proudest names. He who stood first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen; and he who first drew the lightning from the clouds and held it at his disposal, and in a later day he who, when it was drawn down took it up and converted into a medium of communication from one end of the Continent to another—sending the thunderbolt, as a familiar messenger, with "glad tidings" across the Union. Go to the arts, the sciences, go every where you please, and you will find the sons of America first in all. And yet we have this book read to this Legislature to alarm us about specific taxation.

It is impossible to make taxation perfectly equal. An *ad valorem* tax must impose a certain percentage upon every selected article; and you tax the farm

worth \$5,000 and which would rent for \$250, the same as a city house worth the same amount that will rent for \$500, and where sir, is the equality? Gentlemen may talk of equality in taxation, but it can exist no more in *ad valorem* than in specific lines. Then, if equality is not to be had, let us tax the rich man's luxury, and the vain man's pride, let the rich man pay for his enjoyment with splendid carriages and gold bowed magnifiers, and let the honest poor man pay his debts with his gold watch, and then he will not be taxed for it. But few have such.

The author of that book which we have had cited to us to make capital against specific taxes, has, on another page, spoken of our country as having furnished no great men—scholars, statesmen, or warriors—for whose great chivalry and wonderful achievements did we fire the national salute on the 8th of January? And to whose honor will we have a hundred guns on the glorious anniversary of the 22d and 23d of February? Have they ever produced so great a man as he, who although unsuccessful in the great political battle of his life, and now reviled by his political calumniators and opponents, yet to whom History will award justice, and in so doing, will place him on its brightest page? Can they mention a rival to the names of Taylor and Scott, whose wonderful achievements in Mexico, have been a continued succession of miraculous victories?

I believe it to be good political economy to tax all articles manufactured of the precious metals, and yet I would not wish to tax that ring of a peculiar character, used generally only once in the course of human existence, to tie two hearts together, but I would let them circulate as freely as possible.

I would exempt those, and tax the luxuries of the gambler, the coward, and the assassin, those weapons which have drenched our streets with blood.

It is true that in England they tax every thing which you eat, wear or drink; they tax the habits of the dead, and the bridal ornaments of the living. But here, we have no such tax and need never fear it.

THOUGHTS OF A LEGISLATOR.

That I may live with peace of mind,
To give just votes is right I find;
Therefore, whilst in this corporation,
I'll go 'gainst all appropriation.
Although it seems there will be kicking,
Against those who do not vote for kicking;
Therefore, ye friends, who ride the ridges,
Ye have no use for Locks or Bridges.
The world will rightly call us fools,
To squander money, and make no schools;
The richest thing in all the nation,
Is to give your children Education;
So sell your swords, take books for prize,
And come and vote with Doctor Price.

J. S. J.

Correspondence of the Baltimore American.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.

In the Senate, Mr. Ashley, from the committee on Public Lands, reported back the bill to establish a general permanent pre-emption system in favor of actual settlers upon the public lands, without amendment.

Mr. Douglass, on leave, introduced a bill to establish a territorial government in Oregon, which was read twice and referred to the committee on Territories.

Mr. Douglass gave notice of a bill to establish the territory of Minnesota.

Mr. Hannegan submitted the following resolutions, which were read and ordered to be printed:

Resolved, That no treaty of peace can be made with Mexico, having a proper regard for the best interests of the United States, which does not establish as a boundary between the two nations the most suitable line for military defence.

Resolved, That in no contingency can the United States consent to the establishment of a monarchical government within the limits of Mexico, by the intervention of European powers.

Resolved, That it may become necessary and proper, as it is within the constitutional capacity of this Government, to hold Mexico as a territorial appendage in the condition of a province.

Mr. Yulee, from the committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill making an additional appropriation of \$150,000 for the Brooklyn Dry Dock, which was three times read, with unanimous consent, and passed.

The bill authorizing the appointment of twelve assistant pursers in the navy was taken up, and, after being amended so as to make them commissioned officers, the bill was passed.

The morning business being disposed of, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the special order, being the bill to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force.

Mr. Johnson, of Md., took the floor, and, after speaking for some time, gave way to a motion to adjourn and the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, the Speaker announced that the first business in order would be the joint resolution respecting the transportation of the mails, and the amendments to the same recommended by the committee of the Whole.

After several amendments had been voted upon, the question was put on ordering the resolution to be engrossed, and decided in the negative. So the resolution was killed.

On motion of Mr. Vinton, the House now resolved itself into a committee of the Whole, and took up the President's message for reference.

Mr. McClernand, of Illinois, addressed the committee at length. He went into a general defence of the measures of Mr. Polk, the war question, and the veto of the harbor and river bill included.

Mr. Stanton, of Tennessee, followed and took ground against the doctrines laid down in the veto message by the President. He reviewed the arguments of the President and argued to show that they were incorrect. He replied to the speech of Mr. Rhett, made on a former day on the subject of internal improvements.

He regretted the necessity of differing from the President—regretted it on account of the consequences, for if the President's doctrine were to be fully and fairly carried out on this subject it would blow out every light-house and sweep away every pier on the whole length of our coasts, and leave our commerce unprotected.

But although he believed there was constitutional authority for works of internal improvement, such as were named in the vetoed bill, yet he did not believe it would be expedient, at this time, while engaged in an expensive and just foreign war, to carry on such works. He was for voting every dollar the President asked for, to enable him to carry on the war vigorously, even if it should require a tax to be laid on tea and coffee. He, however, hoped it would not be found necessary to tax those articles.

Mr. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, next obtained the floor, when a motion was made for the committee to rise, which was agreed to.

Mr. Adams asked leave to introduce a resolution, granting the Representatives' Hall for the use of the Colonization Society to hold its annual meeting on Tuesday evening, the 18th instant. Mr. Bailey, of Virginia, objecting, the rules were suspended and the resolution was offered. It lies over.

LAZ. LINDSEY,

WHOLESALE GROCER AND COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,

St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Kentucky.

January 1, 1848.

The GRAND DIVISION of the SONS OF TEMPERANCE will hold its next Quarterly Session in Frankfort, commencing on Wednesday the 26th inst., on which day there will be a Grand Procession of the Sons of Temperance, and an Oration will be delivered on the occasion by a Worthy Brother.

All the Divisions in the State are hereby respectfully invited to attend.

By order of Capital Division, No. 61.
January 15, 1848.

H. WINGATE, R. S.

Frankfort Advertisements.

I. O. of O. F.

PHOENIX LODGE, No. 28, I. O. of O. F. under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of the State of Kentucky, hold their regular meetings every Tuesday Evening, at their new Hall, corner of Main and Ann Streets, immediately opposite the Weisiger House, at 7 o'clock. Transient brethren are invited to visit us.

H. GUTNER, N. G.
January 1, 1848.

GENERAL DIRECTORY, Of both Houses of the General Assembly of Ky. SESSION 1848.

SENATE.

NAMES.	BOARDING HOUSE.
Hon. Archibald Dixon,	Weisiger House, No. 17.
Wilson P. Boyd,	Weisiger House, No. 64.
William Bradley,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Ambrose S. Bramlette,	B. F. Johnson's.
James Brien,	Mr. Hodges'.
B. Mills Crenshaw,	Mr. Hardie's.
John Duff,	Mr. Hardie's.
Samuel S. Evans,	Mr. Hardie's.
Samuel F. Fox,	Mansion House, No. 15.
Ben. Edwards Grey,	Weisiger House, No. 43.
Charles Hamilton,	A. G. Hodges'.
Parker C. Hardin,	G. W. Gwin's.
James R. Hawkins,	Weisiger House, No. 34.
Stillwell Heady,	Broadway House, No. 4.
John L. Helm,	Jas. Davidson's.
James S. Henderson,	Mansion House, No. 21.
Edward D. Hobbs,	A. G. Hodges'.
John G. Holloway,	Weisiger House, No. 42.
Thomas James,	Mansion House, No. 13.
William N. Marshall,	D. Meriwether's.
John P. McMillan,	Mansion House, No. 43.
William C. McNary,	A. G. Hodges'.
Robert A. Patterson,	Weisiger House, No. 34.
James M. Rice,	Mr. Blanton's.
John W. Russell,	Mansion House, No. 12.
G. Clayton Slaughter,	Mansion House, No. 48.
John Speed Smith,	Mansion House, No. 45.
Samuel F. Swope,	Mr. Blanton's.
Samuel M. Taylor,	A. G. Hodges'.
John T. Thomas,	Weisiger House, No. 5.
David T. Thomas,	Mansion House, No. 33.
George C. Thurman,	Weisiger House, No. 62.
Robert S. Todd,	A. G. Hodges'.
James V. Walker,	A. G. Hodges'.
William K. Wall,	Weisiger House, No. 63.
Alexander White,	Mansion House, No. 19.
George W. Williams,	Mrs. Miller's.
Thomas L. Young,	Broadway House.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. SPEAKER (J. F. BUCKNER),	Weisiger House, No. 43.
Ignatius Abell,	Mr. Conery's.
Benjamin C. Allen,	B. Luckett's.
Archibald A. Atkins,	B. Luckett's.
Hartwell A. Bailey,	Weisiger House, No. 25.
David Balligall,	Mansion House, No. 2.
John S. Barlow,	D. Meriwether's.
Alexander B. Beard,	Dr. Wilson's.
Robert T. Bell,	Mrs. Taylor's.
William Benier,	Mr. Blanton's.
Lewis A. Berry,	Weisiger House, No. 5.
James Bilderback,	Mansion House, No. 47.
James P. Blanton,	Mr. Blanton's.
Rose Bourland,	B. Luckett's.
Meriwether Bowerman,	Jas. Davidson's.
Daniel M. Bowen,	B. Luckett's.
Robert C. Bowling,	H. Wingate's.
Robert S. Boyd,	Mr. Blanton's.
Eli Baxth,	Broadway House.
John Brown,	D. Meriwether's.
Thomas D. Brown,	Mansion House, No. 41.
D. Rice Bullock,	Weisiger House, No. 65.
James H. G. Dashi,	A. G. Hodges'.
Robert M. Carlisle,	Mr. Blanton's.
John A. Cavan,	Weisiger House, No. 25.
Lysias F. Chilton,	H. Wingate's.
Joseph C. Christopher,	Mansion House, No. 24.
Eliza L. Cockrell,	Jas. Davidson's.
Henry R. D. Coleman,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Richard Collins,	Mansion House, No. 46.
Leslie Combs,	Weisiger House, No. 17.
William Comer,	Jas. Davidson's.
James Cuiton,	Mansion House, No. 1.
Chapman Doboney,	D. Meriwether's.
Joseph Donnelly,	Mansion House, No. 47.
William H. Duncan,	Mr. Blanton's.
John Eaker,	Mr. Blanton's.
John M. Elliott,	Mansion House, No. 8.
John Field,	Mr. Blanton's.
Richard H. Field,	Mansion House, No. 14.
John B. Floyd,	B. Luckett's.
Richard S. Ford,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Keeling C. Gaines,	B. Luckett's.
Orelish Garnett,	Mansion House, No. 24.
William H. Grainger,	D. Meriwether's.
George Grubb,	B. Luckett's.
Thomas S. Grundy,	Mansion House, No. 33.
David R. Haggard,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Archibald W. Hamilton,	Weisiger House, No. 26.
James H. Hanson,	Mansion House, No. 17.
James G. Hardy,	Mr. Allen's.
Robert Harrell,	A. G. Hodges'.
Sylvester Harris,	Mansion House, No. 14.
Samuel Hatfield,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Newton Headley,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Hiram Hoag,	Broadway House.
Timothy Hoopes,	A. G. Hodges'.
Marshall N. Hudson,	Mansion House, No. 34.
Willie G. Hughes,	Mansion House, No. 16.
Peter Ireland,	Mansion House, No. 47.
Alfred Johnston,	Mr. Blanton's.
Jesse S. Judd,	Mansion House, No. 23.
B. H. Kerrick,	A. G. Hodges'.
Nathaniel L. Lightfoot,	H. Wingate's.
George H. McKinney,	Jas. Davidson's.
James A. McKeen,	H. Wingate's.
Isaac P. Miller,	Weisiger House, No. 44.
William B. Moore,	Mansion House, No. 41.
High Newell,	Broadway House.
William R. Pearce,	Weisiger House, No. 28.
John T. Pratt,	Weisiger House, No. 18.
Douglas L. Price,	Weisiger House, No. 66.
John T. Quarles,	Mansion House, No. 1.
Cornelius Ralley,	Mansion House, No. 23.
Joseph Shawman,	Mansion House, No. 10.
William T. Short,	Weisiger House, No. 40.
Harace Smith,	B. Luckett's.
William Soery,	Weisiger House, No. 41.
James Speer,	Weisiger House, No. 42.
James S. Stephens,	B. Luckett's.
Jesse Stevens,	B. Luckett's.
Charles Talbot,	Weisiger House, No. 60.
John T. Telford,	Mansion House, No. 11.
Landon A. Thomas,	At home.
Thomas Towles, Jr.,	Mansion House, No. 12.
Cyrus Turner,	Weisiger House, No. 29.
Finley W. Wall,	Weisiger House, No. 37.
John B. Warren,	Mansion House, No. 47.
Daniel P. White,	Mansion House, No. 40.
Milton E. White,	Mansion House, No. 41.
Mason Williams,	Mansion House, No. 47.
Jeremiah C. Wilkins,	H. Wingate's.
James F. Wilson,	B. Luckett's.
Charles G. Wintermuth,	Mansion House, No. 49.
Henry C. Wood,	Weisiger House, No. 19.
Franklin L. Wolford,	Mansion House, No. 1.
Samuel Woolsey,	Broadway House.
Newton E. Wright,	Mrs. Taylor's.
Assa Young,	A. G. Hodges'.
Stanley Young,	Weisiger House, No. 53.
T. J. Helm, Clerk,	Weisiger House, No. 6.
J. C. Herndon, Assist. Clerk,	At home.
Jos. Gray, Serg't-at-Arms,	At home.
B. O. Branham, Doorkeeper,	Broadway House.

GENERAL AGENT.

WILLIAM F. LEATHERS,
General Newspaper Agent, and Collector of every description of Claims placed in his hands.
RESPECTFULLY informs those requiring such services, that he will take charge of any claims for collection in Kentucky, whether for Newspapers, Lawyers, Merchants, or Clerks. He will receive constantly, and during the season visit every part of the State, and make faithful and prompt returns.
Refer to—J. Swigert,
A. G. Hodges,
William Tanner,
Frankfort, Ky.
March 20, 1847.

OFFICERS TOWN OF FRANKFORT.

L. Hord, Police Judge.
Trustees—Philip Swigert, Chairman.
Orlando Brown,
C. G. Graham,
James Harlan,
Jno. W. Pruett,
Henry Wingate,
Joseph Belt,
Members of Board.
H. B. Farrar, Clerk Board.
Wm. M. Todd, Treasurer.
Andrew Monroe, Town Attorney.
Wm. T. Herndon, Marshal.
Thos. J. Jett, Deputy Marshal.
James T. Judge, Sup. of Gas and Water Works.
A. H. Rennick, Assessor.
Thos. Conn., Surveyor.
W. B. Holeman, Market Master.
W. B. Holeman, Watchman.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD.

On Ordinances—Messrs. Harlan and Wingate.
On Water Works—Messrs. Wingate and Brown.
On Education—Messrs. Brown and Wingate.
On Finance—Messrs. Belt and Graham.
On Markets, &c.—Messrs. Pruett and Belt.
On Streets and Alleys—Messrs. Graham, Belt and Pruett.
On Public Works—Messrs. Brown and Harlan.
On Fire Department—Messrs. Wingate and Graham.
On the Gas Works—Messrs. Swigert, Pruett and Brown.
On Health—Messrs. Harlan and Graham.

LOOK AT THIS BEFORE YOU BUY.

**NEW STOCK OF
FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED.**

BACHELOR & ROBERTSON,
No. 4, Swigert's Row, St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.
ARE now in full receipt of their LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

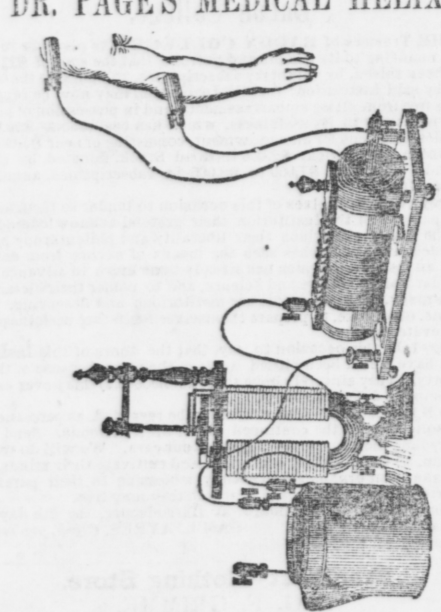
DRY GOODS.

embracing every variety and style of Goods, suited to the present and approaching season. Also, A FINE STOCK of
Queensware, Caps, Ladies' Shoes, &c. &c.
Constantly on hand every STYLE and VARIETY of GOODS usually kept in DRY GOODS HOUSES in this town.
We return our friends and customers our thanks for past favors, and respectfully invite them, and purchasers generally, to call and examine OUR STOCK BEFORE MAKING THEIR PURCHASES. We pledge ourselves to sell as low as the lowest, to all who favor us with their patronage.
All kinds of Country Goods and Produce taken in exchange for Goods at Cash Prices.
Frankfort, October 7th, 1847—782—by

Candles! Candles!!

10 BOXES Sperm: 6 boxes Star Candles;
25 boxes Mould Candles; just received and for sale by
JAN. 1, 1848. TODD & CRITTENDEN.

DR. PAGE'S MEDICAL HELIX.



THOSE desirous of supplying themselves with this new and improved Machine for giving MAGNETO-ELECTRIC SHOCKS, can do so during the next few weeks at the Factory prices.
Physicians living at a distance can send for them by some of the Members of the Legislature.
The Manipulation with the Machine, will be shown to the purchaser free of charge, by Mr. S. N. BOTSFOED, (Electrician).
A specimen of these Machines can be seen at DR. LLOYD'S DRUG STORE.
PRICES:
Dr. Page's Vibrating Helix, \$15 00
Do. do. Rasp, with battery, 10 00
Frankfort, Dec. 28, 1847—79—2w&d

Frankfort Female Seminary,

UNDER THE CHARGE OF MR. & MRS. NOLD.

The next Session will commence on the 1st Monday of February next, and continue twenty weeks.
The patronage of the Institution has received since its establishment, has been such as to render the permanency of it certain; and Mr. & Mrs. N. trust that the experience of more than thirteen years' constant teaching, will enable them to afford facilities for the improvement of Young Ladies, of a superior character. Therefore, in their appeal to the public for patronage, they feel confident that they can render entire satisfaction to those who may entrust them with the education of their daughters.
Pupils entering after the commencement of the Session, will be charged from the time of entrance to the close of the Session, but no deduction will be made for absence except in cases of protracted illness.
Terms, per Session of 20 weeks.
(One half to be paid in advance.)
English branches, \$12, \$15 and \$20 00
Music, 5 00
French, Drawing and Painting, each, 10 00
Boarding, Washing, &c., 50 00
REFER TO—Gov. Wm. Owsley,
John W. Finnell, Esq.,
Col. James Davidson,
Judge J. M. Hewitt,
Ex. Gov. T. Metcalf,
Rev. J. J. Bullock,
John H. Harlan,
Judge Ben. Monroe,
Hon. B. V. Owsley,
L. Broadhead, Esq.,
January 4, 1848—767—4f

DENTISTRY.

DRS. MAJOR & WARNER, Resident Dentists,

RESPECTFULLY tender their services to the citizens of Frankfort and its vicinity, in the various branches of their profession—such as the CLEANSING, FILLING, EXTRACTING and INSERTION OF TEETH.
For the insertion of Teeth on Plate, no charge will be made unless entire satisfaction is given; and the public may rest assured that no exertions will be spared to render all of their operations as skillful as possible.
N. B. Persons are requested to call and have their Teeth examined free of charge. Specimens of work always open for inspection.
Office on the corner of Main and Ann Streets, over Dr. Crutcher's Drug Store.
Frankfort, March 16, 1847—753—by

DOCTORS PRICE & KEENE,

WILL give their undivided attention to the practice of Medicine in Frankfort and its vicinity. Residence and office on Main Street, immediately opposite Dr. Lloyd's Drug Store, and one door below James Burnes' Grocery Store.
June 9, 1846—713—4f

DOCTORS PHYTHIAN & WATSON

HAVE this day associated themselves in the practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY.
DOCTOR PHYTHIAN will give his chief attention to Surgery, Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children—branches of the profession in which he has been extensively engaged for eighteen years. He is a licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and was for four years a dresser in St. Thomas' Hospital, under Sir Astley Cooper.
DOCTOR WATSON is a licentiate of the College of Physicians, and was for four years a dresser in St. George's Hospital, under Sir Astley Cooper.
Office on St. Clair Street, near the Bank, Frankfort, Kentucky, January 1, 1847

Frankfort Advertisements.

"THE KENTUCKY JUSTICE."

A GUIDE TO
JUSTICES, CLERKS, SHERIFFS, &c.
CONTAINING
The office and authority of Justices of the Peace; the duties of Clerks, Sheriffs, Constables, Jailers, Coroners and Escheators, in the State of Kentucky, whether arising under the Common or Statute Law of the State, or of the Laws of the United States.
TO WHICH IS ADDED,
AN APPENDIX,
Containing approved forms for Deeds of Bargain and Sale, Leases, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, Powers of Attorney, &c.
This branch of the work in relation to Justices of the Peace, being a fourth edition of the "Kentucky Justice," by JACOB SWIGERT, Esq., revised and amended by JOHN C. HENDERSON.
This work is now ready for delivery at the counting room of the Commonwealth office, and can also be had at Charles S. Rowley & Co's, Lexington; W. M. Todd's, Frankfort; Morton & Griswold's, Louisville; Lewis Collins, Glasgow; Lyle & Walters', Paris. Price, \$3 50 per copy.
Where persons will club and remit us Thirty dollars we will forward Ten copies, by the carriers of the public books. We will have them well and carefully packed.
G. HODGES & CO.
Frankfort, Ky., 1847.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

AT THE
GREAT WESTERN CLOTHING STORE.
The best bargains ever offered in this Market.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING

Ever brought to Frankfort.

SOLOMON WEILER & Co.,

At the Great Western Fashionable Clothing Store, No. 3, Brown's building, and one door below the Commonwealth Office, St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky., have just received another arrival of very superior Clothing of the latest style, and made of very superior Goods. Their stock of Goods was selected by one of the first and great makers, and by being manufactured into garments under the supervision of an experienced tailor, so that they are able to recommend their Clothing without fear of future reproach. They wish to make rapid sales and are willing to sell at a very small profit, believing that a humble sixpence is better than a slow shilling.
Their stock consists of Cloaks, a la mode; Frocks and Dress Coats of superior English and French Cloth, Beaver and Felt Cloth Coats; Blanket Coats; French Cassimere Buckskin Coats; Tweed Cassimere and James Coats; Sack Coats of every variety and at almost all prices; Vests of every variety and style, and at prices to suit the times; Cloth, Cassimere, Cassinet, and James Pantaloons of all sizes and patterns; Linen Shirts made to order, various prices and styles; Hats and Caps; Drawers and Under Shirts; Gloves; Cravats; Handkerchiefs; Fancy Scarfs; &c. &c. of the latest and most fashionable styles.
Also, a stock of Superior Traveling Trunks, which they will sell on good terms.
S. W. & Co., grateful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them since they opened the Great Western Clothing Store in Frankfort, are determined to merit a continuance of that patronage by strict attention to the wishes of the people, and by selling neither pains nor expense to supply those wants. They intend to keep at all times, a good stock, and they intend to sell cheap; they therefore invite all to call at their establishment before they purchase elsewhere.
Frankfort, Ky., October 19, 1847—784—6f

LIFE INSURANCE.

NAUTILUS (MUTUAL LIFE) INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 29, WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS Company, which confines its business exclusively to Life Insurance, has now been in operation two years and a half, during which period it has issued 153 policies, and for the first eighteen months it experienced no losses. Its losses for the whole time have been less than \$18,000—leaving an accumulation of about \$65,000 on hand, beyond the payment of claims and expenses. This, added to the original guaranty capital of \$200,000, places the security of the Company on a basis so solid as no longer to admit of a rational doubt.
All its profits accrue to the credit of the policy holders, and are divided annually among them, whether the policy be issued for a limited period or for the whole term of life, a feature unknown in the charter of any other Mutual Life Insurance Company incorporated by this State.
Two dividends of 50 per cent. each, on the amount of premiums received, in accordance with the provisions of the charter, have been declared, and are credited to the accounts of the assured, and for which scrip certificates will be issued.
A dividend of 6 per cent. on the first year's premium has likewise been declared, payable in cash, to the holders thereof on demand, at the office of the Company.
For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium thereon amounts to \$250 or more, 40 per cent. with interest at 6 per cent.—without guaranty, may be received in part payment, or it may be paid in cash, in which case it is expected, should the party survive to make 13 annual payments, leaving the dividends to accumulate to the policy holder, to be fully paid for, and the accumulation ultimately added to the policy.
For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the office of the Company or any of its Agents.

The Rates of Insurance on One Hundred Dollar s.

Age.	One Year.	Seven Years.	For Life.
15	77	88	1 54
20	77	88	2 27
25	1 00	1 12	2 64
30	1 31	1 26	2 96
35	1 35	1 33	3 13
40	1 39	1 43	3 24
45	1 41	1 50	3 35
50	1 46	2 09	4 70
55	2 32	3 21	5 74
60	3 35	4 31	7 60

A. M. Merchant, M. O. Roberts, Henry A. Nelson,
O. Bushnell, C. F. Lindsey, Samuel C. Paxson,
Richard E. Purdy, C. H. Boert, Jonathan K. Herrick,
R. A. Reading, Robert M. Coleman, Wm. N. Seymour,
James Harper, Spencer S. Benedict, John S. Busby,
Loring Andrews, John M. Nixon, Morris Franklin.
A. M. MERCHANT President.
R. B. COLEMAN, Vice President.
PLINY FREEMAN, Secretary.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

George Wilkes, M. D., 22 Light Street.
Cornelius R. Bogert, M. D., 5 St. Marks Place.

SOLICITOR.

O. Bushnell, Esq., 22 Nassau Street.

Having been appointed Agent for the above Company, I am prepared to take risks on Lives as low as any office in the East or West.
Applications from the country (post paid) will be promptly attended to.
Losses adjusted in this town without delay.
Office at the Frankfort Branch Bank.
H. WINGATE, Agent.
Dr. Lewis Seel, Medical Examiner.
Frankfort, Ky., June 15, 1847. 763—by

November Report.

THE NAUTILUS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(No. 19, Wall Street,) has issued during the month of November, 1847, 71 new Policies, viz: to
Merchants 17
Lawyers 3
Mechanics 9
Bankers 5
Manufacturers 3
Clerks and Agents 6
Farmers and Planters 11
Mariner and Boatmen 12
T. S. Marshall 1
Mergency 1
Member of Congress 1
Juryman 1
Editor 1
44
Number of Policies issued, 71
A. M. MERCHANT, President.
R. B. COLEMAN, Vice President.
PLINY FREEMAN, Secretary. 762—2f

BOOK BINDING.

A. C. KEENE informs his friends that he has regained his health, he has purchased back from A. G. Hodges the Blindey sold to him in November last, and he will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.
CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS, ruled in any pattern, and of the very best quality of paper.
BLANK BOOKS, of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.
Bindery at the old stand, over Ha-la's Law Office.
Frankfort, July 31, 1847—773—4f

KANAWA SALT—20 barrels in store, for sale by

NOV. 16, 1847—788—4f. B. B. JOHNSON.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

This Institution, created by an Act of the General Assembly, will be opened for the reception of Pupils, On the 1st of March, 1847, under the immediate direction and entire control of a Board of Visitors, Appointed by the Executive of the Commonwealth.

It contemplates a Military Organization for literary and scientific purposes; an education eminently scientific and practical; the formation of regular habits, and the diffusion of a knowledge of Military Science.

The course of study adopted, and which will be required in order to graduation, is usually taught in the best Colleges, except that but one language is required, (Latin or French), the time usually occupied by the second, being devoted to a more extended course in Mathematics, Natural Science and English Literature.

A Preparatory Department is organized in connection with the Institute, in which boys of any age are taken, and are subjected to the same Military discipline as the Cadets.

The position of the Institute, at the Franklin Springs, near Frankfort, Kentucky, (recently occupied by the Franklin Institute), is admirably adapted in every respect to Academic purposes; the locality being airy and healthy, the mineral waters salubrious, the buildings elegant, extensive and commodious, and entirely apart from the contamination and multiplied influences, which render insupportable from city or village residences.

The Institution is placed under the charge of Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, as SUPERINTENDENT, who has been brought prominently before the public, as a competent and successful teacher and governor of youth, by his honorable graduation at the United States Military Academy; his subsequent connection with the Army, and with the Engineering Service of the General Government, as Superintendent of public works; by his long experience as an instructor, by his recent connection with the Transylvania University.

The Academic Year will be divided into two Sessions of twenty-one weeks each.

The first commencing on the 1st Monday in October, and the second on the 1st Monday in March. The only vacation occupying the months of August and September.

The month of July will be spent in an excursion through the State, for the better study of its Geology and of Natural Science generally.

Applicants for admission, on paying the charge of the Institute, and presenting a certificate of good moral character, will be admitted into the classes as they advance, without any preliminary examination, except that the next examination thereafter, will be entitled to a warrant of appointment, as Cadet, from the Governor. The uniform of the Cadets is plain and neat, and being of Kentucky Jeans, will greatly reduce the expense of their clothing.

OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTE.

His Excellency, the Governor of Kentucky, Inspector, (ex-officio).
BOARD OF VISITORS.
Gen. Peter Dade, President of the Board and Adjutant Gen., (ex-officio).
Hon. Henry Clay, Asst. Adjt. Gen.
Hon. J. J. Crittenden, Frankfort, Ky.
Hon. John W. Russell, Frankfort, Ky.
Hon. David Thornton, Woodford County.
Gen. John T. Pratt, Scott County.
Hon. John H. Smith, Madison County.
Hon. John L. Helm, Hardin County.
Col. Henry C. Payne, Fayette County.
Col. Thomas Anderson, Louisville.

ACADEMIC STAFF.

Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, A. M., Superintendent and Professor of Mathematics.
Lieut. Col. F. A. HALL, A. M., Professor of Ancient Languages and Belles Lettres.
Maj. M. H. HARRIS, A. M., Professor of French and German Languages, and Natural Science.
Maj. JOHN J. HALEY, A. M., Professor of Spanish Languages and English Literature.
Jacob T. Beckwith, M. D., Surgeon and Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
Maj. R. N. ALLEN, Professor of Elementary Science—Preparatory Department.
Capt. THOMAS G. ANDERSON, Assistant Instructor of Tactics.
Capt. ROBERT T. HOLLOWAY, Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
1st Lieut. S. W. PRICE, Teacher of Drawing.

TERMS.

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By order of the Board of Visitors.
P. DUDLEY, Adj. General and President of the Board.
Franklin county, Ky., October 29, 1847—748—4f

Dr. Penney's Ague Pills.

IN presenting the public with this remedy for the most troublesome of Western diseases, I am not unmindful of the opposition that it will at first meet; for the community has suffered much by the imposition and frauds practiced by the get-up men and vendors of patent nostrums, specific remedies, and medicines professing to cure all diseases. So much have the people suffered from such impostures, and from their credulity, that it is almost foolish in any one, at this day, to introduce a specific for any disease; but I do it, and do it too, sanguine of success. Having had ample opportunity to test the efficacy of the Ague Pills now presented to the public, I do assure it, that they have never failed to cure in one solitary case where the directions were strictly observed.

They seem equally as well adapted to Agues of long standing as more recent ones. I could adduce a great many certificates in support of what has been said above, as regards their success; but that would swell unnecessarily, this publication. A few respectable witnesses are worth a host that are not strictly true, and what Dr. John McRoberts, Druggist and Physician in Lawrenceburg, Kentucky, says, whose acquaintance with the Ague Pills is better than that of any other person.